

San Jacinto River Authority

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE P.O. Box 329 · Conroe, Texas 77305 (T) 936.588.3111 · (F) 936.588.3043

June 12, 2020

Texas Water Development Board ATTN: FIF Abridged Application P.O. Box 13231 Austin, Texas 78711

Re: FIF Abridged Application: San Jacinto River Sand Trap Development Preliminary

Design

Dear Mr. Entsminger:

The San Jacinto River Authority thanks the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) for the opportunity to submit an abridged application for funding via the recently created Flood Infrastructure Fund. Attached please find the abridged application for <u>San Jacinto River Sand Trap Development Preliminary Design</u> with the following attachments:

- 1. Attachment A: Project Benefit Area
- 2. Attachment B: Census/ SVI Data and Calculations
- 3. Attachment C: Grant Percentage Calculator Spreadsheet
- 4. Attachment D: Disaster Declarations for Hurricane Harvey and Tropical Storm Imelda
- 5. Attachment E: NFIP Certifications from Liberty County, San Jacinto County, Harris County, Montgomery County, City of Houston, and City of Conroe
- 6. Attachment F: San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan Project Fact Sheet
- 7. Attachment G: Conceptual Design Scope

We appreciate your review and consideration of this application, and look forward to working with TWDB as a regional partner on efforts to reduce flood risks within the San Jacinto River Basin.

If you have any questions or require further documentation or data, please contact me at (936)-588-7177 or mbarrett@sjra.net.

Sincerely,

Matt Barett, P.E. Division Engineer

SFY 2020 Flood Project Abridged Application

Due June 15, 2020 at 5:00 p.m. Email to FIF@twdb.texas.gov

By submitting this Abridged Application, you understand and confirm that the information provided is true and correct to the best of your knowledge and further understand that the failure to submit a complete Abridged Application by the stated deadlines, or to respond in a timely manner to additional requests for information, may result in the withdrawal of the Abridged Application without review.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Entity Name				
San Jacinto Rive	San Jacinto River Authority			
Entity Type				
River Authority				
Contact Who should TWDB contact with questions during the review of this submission?	Name	Matt Barrett, PE		
	Title	Division Engineer		
	Phone	936-588-7177		
	Email	mbarrett@sjra.net		

PROJECT INFORMATION

Project Name		San Jacinto River Sand Trap Development Preliminary Design				
Amount Requested from	TWDB	\$200,000 (50% grant based of	on attached calculati	ons (Attachment C))		
Financing from Federal So	ources	\$0	\$0			
(if receiving federal funds the federal agency and pr		N/A				
Financing from Other Sou	ırces	\$200,000 (local match for remaining 50% not covered by grant)				
Total Project Cost (Check here if requesting loan funds only □)		\$400,000				
		Category Applied F	or			
\boxtimes						
- I - ·		Category 2 quisition, and Design, Construction / shilitation (All combinations) Category 3 Federal Award Matching Funds Matching Funds Category 4 Measures immediately effect protecting life and proper				

MINIMUM STANDARDS

IMITATION 2	17 11 4	D/11/D3
Only projects that satisfy all minimum standards will be included in the prioritization.	\boxtimes	1. For applicable projects, the benefit-cost ratio of the proposed project is >1.0 or an explanation is provided. See item (H) in project description for explanation.
		2. For applicable projects, a proposed MOU and a project description was provided to all eligible political subdivisions and the list of political subdivisions that received this information is attached to the abridged application. N/A for Category 1 projects per Intended Use Plan.
		3. The applicant has acted cooperatively with other political subdivisions to address flood control needs in the area in which the eligible political subdivisions are located; and all eligible political subdivisions substantially affected by the proposed flood project have participated in the process of developing the proposed flood project. Requested input from multiple entities during the development of this project. See item (F) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> for explanation.
	\boxtimes	4. The funding request does not include redundant funding for activities already performed and/or funded through another source.
	\boxtimes	5. a. The area to be served by the proposed project has floodplain ordinances in place and is currently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards. See Attachment E. OR
		5. b. Requesting funds to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. N/A
	\boxtimes	6. The proposed project was developed using the best and most recent available data. See item (A) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> for explanation.
	\boxtimes	7. a. (Construction applicants only) Operations and maintenance costs associated with proposed facilities have been considered. N/A, but see item (I) in Description of Proposed Project .
	\boxtimes	7. b. (Construction applicants only) Floodwater capture techniques have been considered. N/A, but see item (D) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> .

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED PROJECT

House Bill 1824, approved by the 86th Texas Legislature, allows SJRA and the Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) to remove material from the San Jacinto River and its tributaries to restore, maintain, or expand storm flow capacity without the need for state permitting or a royalty payment to the state. SJRA is leading efforts, with support from HCFCD, to perform a project to plan, design, and construct one or more "sand traps" along the West and/or East Forks of the San Jacinto River to reduce future sedimentation with the goal of mitigating flooding. A major component of the project is coordinating with Aggregate Production Operations (APOs) along the West and East Forks of the San Jacinto River in an attempt to establish a public/private partnership which would provide for the performance of operation and maintenance of the proposed sand trap(s) by an APO or APOs in the vicinity of the sand trap(s). The first phase of the overall project, a conceptual design effort, is currently underway. Conceptual design efforts include, but are not necessarily limited to, identifying and evaluating potential sand trap locations and trapping efficacy, developing conceptual sand trap solutions, determining downstream benefits of potential sand trap solutions, and developing a conceptual design report which will include recommendations for which site(s) to carry forward into the preliminary engineering phase. Upon completion of the conceptual design phase, the goal is to move forward with preliminary design on two sites selected from the conceptual design, with the ultimate goal being design and construction of likely one, but potentially two, sand traps. See Attachment G for the scope of work for the conceptual design effort.

This small scale effort, involving only one or two sand traps, is intended to act as a "pilot" project from which data can be gathered as to the real-world feasibility and effectiveness of sand traps in removing material from the river(s) and mitigating sedimentation issues in the basin before a larger, and much more costly, program is potentially embarked upon. In order to continue the project beyond the conceptual design phase, and especially through construction, even on this relatively small pilot scale, additional funding is anticipated to be required to supplement available local match resources.

The purpose of the project/phase for which this application is being submitted is to perform preliminary engineering design efforts for two potential sand trap solutions, based on and continuing efforts performed in the conceptual design phase. These efforts could include, but are not limited to, environmental permitting investigation, preliminary land acquisition efforts, survey, geotechnical investigation, and 30% design efforts. Preliminary conceptual design phase results indicate that the sand traps recommended to move forward to preliminary design will likely be located along the West Fork of the San Jacinto River.

- A) The project will be performed utilizing the most recent/best available data, technology, and techniques available to SJRA. In addition to continuing efforts performed in first phase of the overall sand trap development effort (conceptual design), the proposed project will take advantage of any relevant data, models, etc. developed as part of the in progress and nearing completion San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan project (SJRWMDP) being performed by HCFCD, which is utilizing Atlas 14 rainfall. The SJRWMDP is a \$2.7 million comprehensive regional study funded 25% by local partners HCFCD, SJRA, Montgomery County, and the City of Houston, and 75% by FEMA, conveyed through the Texas Division of Emergency Management. See Attachment F for more information on the SJRWMDP. The project will also utilize any relevant data from and build upon efforts by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) and Harris County to dredge accumulated sediment from the mouth of Lake Houston. To date, over 2.3 million cubic yards of material have been removed by USACE, at a cost of over \$90 million, partially funded by FEMA. An additional \$30 million has been dedicated to Harris County from the Texas Water Development Board to further dredging efforts via Senate Bill 500 from the 86th Texas Legislative Session. By utilizing data from and building upon the SJRWMDP and Lake Houston dredging efforts, the proposed project will increase the benefits gained from the large state and federal investments made for these projects. Finally, SJRA is submitting a separate FIF abridged application for an Upper San Jacinto River Basin Regional Sedimentation Study. If that project is funded and moves forward, any relevant data from that effort can be shared with and utilized for this project, and vice versa.
- B) For the purposes of SVI and AMHI and other census bureau data calculations, the immediate benefit area for the effort included in this application was considered as any census block group "more than minimally" overlapping (i.e. approximately more than 10% overlapping) the 100-year (1% annual chance) storm event inundation extent along the West Fork of the San Jacinto River between Lake Conroe and Lake Houston, and around Lake Houston, acquired from the draft model developed for the SJRWMDP (see item (A) above). This is based on the fact that the ultimate goal of the overall project (all phases) is to construct one or two sand traps along likely the West Fork of the San Jacinto River, based on preliminary conceptual design phase findings. See Attachment A for project benefit area map. If a sand trap were to be recommended from the conceptual design efforts for construction on the East Fork of the San Jacinto River, the project benefit area could change, however that is not anticipated. Long-term benefits beyond the initial sand trap development "pilot" project are anticipated to potentially extend beyond the immediate benefit area (see item (G) below).
- C) It is anticipated that this study can be completed within 18 months, as indicated in the <u>Prioritization Criteria</u> section below. Completion of the entire project, however, including future final design and construction phases, will take longer than 18 months to complete. It is anticipated that these future phases could be completed within 36 months, with adequate and timely funding made available.
- D) Any sedimentation reduction activity in the Upper San Jacinto River Basin (Lake Houston watershed), including construction of sand traps, is anticipated to achieve some level of reduction of sediment load entering Lake Houston, which would in turn reduce storage reduction in the lake, which is the major water supply reservoir for the City of Houston and surrounding communities.
- E) The level of flood mitigation potentially provided by constructing the proposed sand trap(s) is not quantified at this time. However, the goal of constructing the sand trap(s) is to restore, maintain, or expand storm flow capacity, which could potentially remove structures from the floodplain. Flood mitigation could benefit areas impacted by Hurricane Harvey and Tropical Storm Imelda (see Attachment D), as well as other recent and historical events. Preliminary evaluation of downstream hydraulic benefits will be performed as part of the ongoing conceptual design phase.

- F) The San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) Flood Management Division is focused on creating and sustaining regional flood management partnerships and coordinating with stakeholders to provide regional flood mitigation solutions within the San Jacinto River Basin. Created in 2018 in response to Governor Abbott calling on SJRA to become more involved with regional flood management, the Division has acted cooperatively with various political subdivisions throughout the region to address flood control/mitigation needs within the jurisdictional area of SJRA, and is now leading efforts with other entities to submit multiple abridged FIF funding applications for projects which span the Upper San Jacinto River Basin (Lake Houston watershed). For this specific application, SJRA coordinated with HCFCD and Montgomery County. HCFCD is a technical partner on the ongoing conceptual design phase for the project, and is anticipated to continue in that capacity for the remainder of the overall project.
- G) Despite the fact that this project is for preliminary design of a particular project, it is being submitted as a Category 1 project due to its intended role as a pilot project which may inform larger, Upper San Jacinto River Basin-wide efforts, potentially in conjunction with the Upper San Jacinto River Basin Regional Sedimentation Study project, for which SJRA is submitting a separate FIF abridged application. If results of this pilot project indicate that sand traps are a feasible and effective solution to mitigate sedimentation issues in the Upper San Jacinto River Basin (Lake Houston watershed), a larger program of sand trap design and construction in various locations throughout the basin could potentially be implemented. As stated above in the project description, the pilot project will allow for determination of feasibility and effectiveness of this strategy before commitments are made to much larger and more costly efforts.
- H) As the project is currently only in the conceptual design phase with the goal of identifying feasible sand trap locations, a benefit/cost ratio has not yet been determined. Preliminary cost estimates for conceptual sand trap solutions will be developed as part of the ongoing conceptual design phase, and more detailed costs will be developed in the preliminary design phase covered in this application, as well as in future phases.
- I) As described in the project description above, SJRA is coordinating with APOs in the region in an attempt to establish a public/private partnership or partnerships which would provide for the performance of operation and maintenance of the proposed sand trap(s) by an APO or APOs.

INFORMATION FOR GRANT FUNDING

Provide information for the applicable level of grant funding:

Category 1:

Study area AMHI (weighted average based on population)-\$101,863.55 (Optional – attached a copy of federal disaster declaration – flood related within the last 60 months) See Attachment D

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- For consideration of being outside MSA: Project is entirely located outside of an MSA Yes ____ or No _X __
- Project area AMHI (weighted average based on population)-\$______
- Project area Unemployment Rate (weighted average based on population)-______%
- Project area Population Decline (if any) (based on sum of the population in the project areas)-______%
- For consideration of being an Rural Applicant: All entities within the project benefit area are outside MSAs and have populations <10,000; or the applicant is a district or municipality with a service area of 10,000 or less in population; or located in a county in which no urban area exceeds 50,000 in population Yes ____ or No _X_
- For consideration of being a Green or Nature-Based project: Percentage of total project costs that are considered green or nature-based-_____% (attach the calculation)

Note: If requesting grant funds that rely on a calculation of the AMHI, Unemployment Rate, or Population Decline then <u>attach the calculation</u> of the weighted average amounts for the project area based on the applicable U.S. Census Bureau geographic areas such as County, Place (City), Census Tract, or Block Group using the ACS data sources described in the IUP. See Attachment B for US Census Bureau data calculations. See item (B) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> for explanation of project benefit area.

During census data compilation efforts for abridged grant applications, it was noted by SJRA staff that the number of block groups included in each project benefit area did not always necessarily correlate to the same number of rows of census data in the census data spreadsheet provided by TWDB when queries were run to extract only the spreadsheet data related to the block groups for specific project benefit areas. This is not necessarily the case on all projects/grant applications submitted by SJRA, but SJRA wanted to make TWDB aware of this inconsistency.

PRIORITIZATION CRI	IEKIA	
Rural Applicant		
All entities within the project benefit area are (a) outside MSAs and have populations <10,000; or (b) a district or municipality with a service area of 10,000 or less in population; or (c) a county in which no urban area exceeds 50,000 in population.	☐ Yes (Please attach a list of all entities in the project benefit area and U.S. Census Bureau 2014-2018 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates data indicating the population of each area.)	⊠ No
Emergency Need Due to		
Recent or Imminent		
Failure or recent Flood-		
related Disaster		
Declarations.	Yes, recent floor	
	related disaste	<u>—</u>
A need exists for flood	☐ ☐ declaration for t	
hazard mitigation actions to address a clear and	Yes, due to a Yes, due to proposed proje recent failure. imminent area	ct No
imminent threat to public	failure.	
health, safety, and welfare	Hurricane Harve	ev
or property due to recent	(FEMA-4332-DI	
or imminent failure of	and Tropical	,
existing flood infrastructure	Storm Imelda	
or flood-related federal or	(FEMA-4466-DF	₹).
state disaster declarations	See Attachment	D
within the most recent 36	and item (E) in	1
months that would be	<u>Description of</u>	
significantly mitigated by	Proposed Project	<u>ct</u> .
the proposed project.		
Distributed Benefits	⊠ Yes	
	Potential benefits to multiple entities	
Is the project expected to	within the basin. Requested input from	
directly benefit or include	multiple entities as part of application	□ No
the active participation of	development process, and SJRA anticipates partnering, at a minimum, with HCFCD on	□ No
jurisdictions other than the	project execution. See items (B) and (F) in	
applicant?	Description of Proposed Project and	
	Attachment A.	

Estimated Completion Date			
When would all project phases expected to be complete, assuming funds for the project are closed on in Fall of the current year?	Within 18 months of closing See item (C) in <u>Description</u> of Proposed Project for more information.	□ Within 36 months of closing	□ Other
Construction Projects Only (Including PAD plus Construction combined)	While this application is for engineering design only, the of the project is to perform	ultimate goal	□ No
Project is anticipated to result in an integral, reliable, and quantifiable water supply benefit to a specific water user group with an identified need. May include groundwater recharge benefits.	One of the benefits of s construction will be reduced entering Lake Houston, whi turn reduce water supply stor in the lake. See item (D) in <u>D</u> <u>Proposed Project</u> for exp	and trap sediment load ich would in age reduction Description of	
Construction Projects Only (Including PAD plus Construction combined) How many structures are anticipated to be removed from floodplains as a result of the proposed project?	sand trap(s) is not quantific sand trap(s) is to restore, m	on potentially provided by conced at this time. However, the naintain, or expand storm flowers from the floodplain. See it	goal of constructing the capacity, which could
Non-structural flood mitigation elements Non-structural flood mitigation elements constitute at least 20 percent of the total project costs.	Percentage of total project	costs that are considered nat	eure-based- 0%

Tiebreaker:	Average SVI of benefitting area: 0.2078					
Social Vulnerability Index (SVI)	Geographic basis: ☑ Census Tracts	☐ Counties				
	selected. See item (B) in <u>Description</u> area. See Attachment A for project calculations. 2018 CDC statewide r	neographies and an explanation of why they were not Proposed Project for explanation of project benefit benefit area map. See Attachment B for SVI ranking SVI data was utilized, as opposed to 2016 the CDC SVI map referenced in the IUP. This was via email.				
Certification on MOUs						
(<u>if MOUs will be</u>	l,	(Name),				
<u>required</u>)	serving as	(Title)				
If no MOUs will be	hereby certify that	(Applicant)				
required, check here: ⊠ N/A for Category 1 projects per Intended Use Plan.	Memorandum of Understanding	al subdivisions that will be required to submit a g a copy of their proposed Memorandum of ely detailed description of the proposed project.				
	Signature	Date				

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR THE FLOOD INFORMATION CLEARINGHOUSE COMMITTEE

Responses to questions 1 through 7, along with other information included in this abridged application, will be shared with the Flood Information Clearinghouse Committee (FLICC), a new cooperative effort between the TWDB, General Land Office, Texas Division of Emergency Management, and other state and federal agencies that administer flood mitigation financial assistance programs. After review by the FLICC, the applicant may be advised of other available source(s) of funding.

1. Type of Assistance Requested (Check all that apply):	 □ Low Interest Loan ⋈ Grant □ Loan/Grant Combination □ Local Match for Federal Funding
If requesting funds for the local cost share of a federally funded project, the name of the program:	N/A
2. County(ies) in which the project is located:	Likely Montgomery and/or Harris Counties. Preliminary See item (B) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> for explanation.
3. (If applicable) Associated FEMA disaster name and number:	Hurricane Harvey (FEMA-4332-DR) and Tropical Storm Imelda (FEMA-4466-DR), see Attachment D
4. Does the applicant have an approved Mitigation Action Plan?	No
5. Is the community to be served by the project in good standing with the National Flood Insurance Program?	Yes, see Attachment E.
6. Will this project involve enlargement of a dam or levee beyond the original footprint of the structure that existed prior to a disaster event?	No
7. Will this project mitigate a repetitive or severe repetitive loss property?	See Attachment D and item (E) in <u>Description of Proposed</u> <u>Project</u> .

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	I,serving as	(Name), (Title)
Exception: The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. If this is the situation, check here:	hereby certify that be served by the project) is currently enforcing floodplain management sta National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum the NFIP minimum standard.	•
	Signature	Date

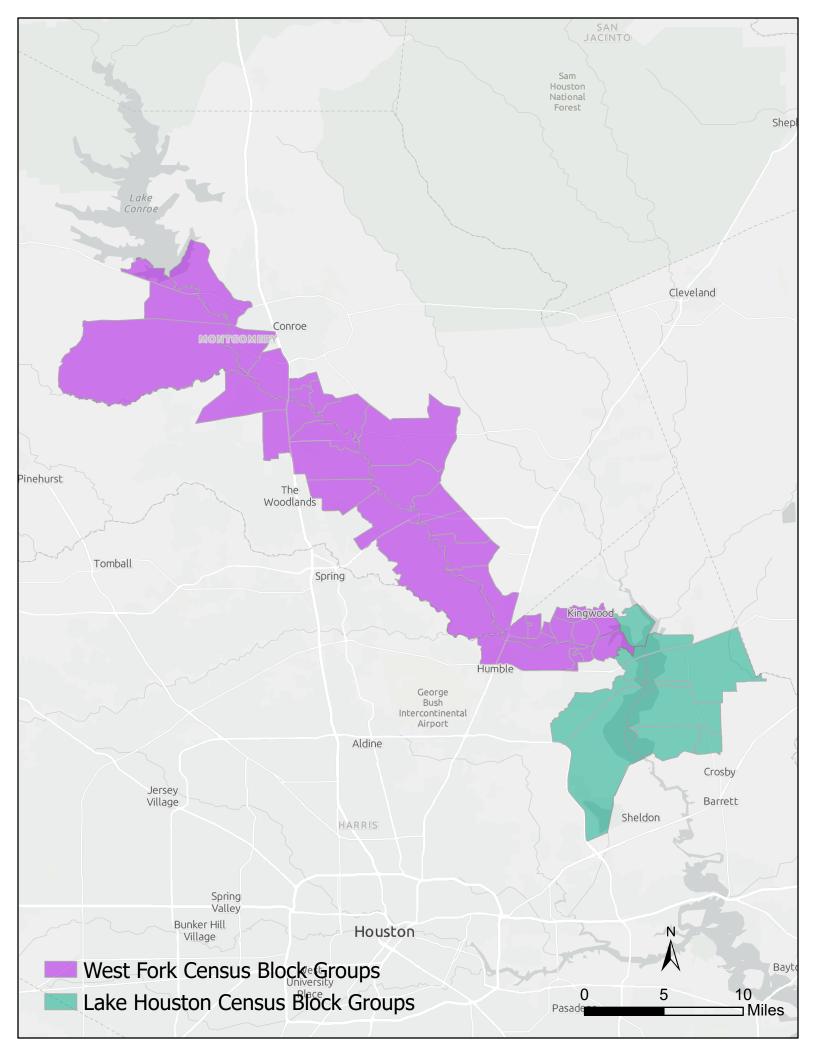
SEE ATTACHMENT E

ATTACHMENT CHECKLIST

\checkmark	<u>N/A</u>	Attachment Description
		List of entities receiving the proposed MOU and project description N/A for Category 1 projects per Intended Use Plan.
\boxtimes		Benefit-Cost Ratio required information. See item (H) in project description for explanation.
		Documentation indicating the best/most recent data was used in the development of the proposed project. See item (A) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> .
		Documentation demonstrating the area to be served by the proposed project has floodplain ordinances in place and the appropriate entity has certified that it is currently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards. (The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill the requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program.) See Attachment E.
		If requesting grant funds that rely on a calculation of the AMHI, Unemployment Rate, or Population Decline then attach the calculation of the weighted average amounts for the project area based on the applicable U.S. Census Bureau geographic areas such as County, Place (City), Census Tract, or Block Group and the ACS data sources described in the IUP. See Attachments A and B.
		If requesting prioritization points for "Rural Applicant", a list of all entities in the project benefit area and U.S. Census Bureau 2014-2018 American Community Survey (ACS) 5-year estimates data indicating the population of each area.
		(If applying for matching funds) Documentation of an existing federal award pending availability of local match.
		(If the project involves property acquisitions) Documentation supporting the determination that acquisitions are the best solution and the properties are a high risk. Some property or easement acquisition likely required for the project, but not for the purposes of "buyouts" or removing at-risk properties from the floodplain, and not during this project phase.
		(Construction projects) Description of the anticipated funding source for operations and maintenance costs. Only applying for preliminary design at this time, but see item (I) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> .
		(Construction projects) Map and description of area benefitting from the proposed project, including a list of all benefitting political subdivisions. Only applying for preliminary design at this time.
		(If applicable) Documentation of recent or imminent infrastructure failure causing an emergency need or a flood-related federal or state disaster declaration within the most recent 36 months that would be significantly mitigated by the proposed project. Hurricane Harvey (FEMA-4332-DR) and Tropical Storm Imelda (FEMA-4466-DR), see Attachment D and item (E) in Description of Proposed Project.
\boxtimes		List and explanation of geographies used to determine average SVI. See SVI section of Prioritization
		<u>Criteria</u> , item (B) in <u>Description of Proposed Project</u> , and Attachments A and B. Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards for all applicable areas See Attachment E.
\boxtimes		Additional Information for the Flood Information Clearinghouse Committee

Attachment A:

Project Benefit Area



Attachment B:

Census/SVI Data and Calculations

Overall SVI	Location	Geography	County	2018 ACS 5 YR - Annual Median Household Income (B19013_001E)	2018 ACS 5 YR - Average Household Size (B25010_001E)	2014 ACS 5 YR - Total Population (B01003_001E) - <u>Prior</u>	2018 ACS 5 YR - Total Population (B01003_001E) - Current	2018 Unemployment Rate (derived from Civilian Labor Force- Unemployed/Total- B23025)	2018 ACS 5 YR - Civilian Labor Force: Total (B23025_003E)	2018 ACS 5 YR - Civilian Labor Force: Unemployed (B23025_005E)	AMHI x 2018 Population	Unemployment x 2018 Population	SVI x 2018 Population
0.0833 \	Nest Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6945, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	126989	3.06	5265	10193	3.53	5157	182	1294398877	35981	849
	Nest Fork	Block Group 5, Census Tract 6920.01, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	116457	3.2	5687	7656	3.1	3873	120	891594792	23734	910
0.1189 \	Nest Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6920.01, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	94890	3.07	9034	10045	6.61	5177	342	953170050	66397	1194
0.1344 \	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6905, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	129612	3.16	3340		3.52		105	750064644	20370	778
	Nest Fork	Block Group 4, Census Tract 6922, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	52299	2.52	772		0	438		65269152	0	799
	West Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 6943.02, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	72165	2.24	1516		1.98		18		3716	104
	Nest Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2507.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	94318	3.49	1662	1935	4.56	965	44		8824	395
	West Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2510, Harris County, Texas	Harris	65966	2.53	2302		8.64	995	86		16217	583
	Nest Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2409.02, Harris County, Texas	Harris	26566	2.31	998	875	0	414	0	23245250	0	393
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 6921, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	101471	2.76 2.62	2283 2027	2229	3.06 2.66		43	226178859	6821	676 1239
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 6944, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	57321 87514	3.02	7103	2332 8014	3.9	1203 4517	32 176	133672572	6203 31255	2431
	Nest Fork Nest Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6921, Montgomery County, Texas Block Group 1, Census Tract 6921, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery Montgomery	79896	2.84	2985				176	701337196 380784336	28739	1446
	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6922, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	54407	3.23	757	1026	7.87	432	34		8075	657
	West Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 6923, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	66811	4.18	4162		7.87	1657	34	299313280	0073	1637
	West Fork	Block Group 4, Census Tract 6923, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	55322	1.69	2890	2299	3.9	1129	44		8966	840
	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6932, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	93389	2.51	2136	1975	2.32	1076	25	184443275	4582	413
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 6932, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	66250	2.2	1457	981	5.19	443	23		5091	205
	West Fork	Block Group 4, Census Tract 6932, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	122460	3.3	2056		5.62	854			8998	334
	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6933, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	83365	3.07	2828	3519	5.3	1775	94		18651	1282
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 6933, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	62500	2.11	2731	3183	3.55	1889	67	198937500	11300	1159
0.0538 \	West Fork	Block Group 1, Census Tract 6920.02, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	191486	3.37	2294	5885	0.98	3057	30		5767	317
0.2419 \	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6937, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	96298	2.6	4797	5840	2.76	3041	84	562380320	16118	1413
0.2041 \	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2507.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	59444	1.92	1276	622	7.74	336	26	36974168	4814	127
0.0772 \	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 2508, Harris County, Texas	Harris	134007	3.05	4011	4453	2.51	2229	56	596733171	11177	344
	Nest Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 2507.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	76440	3.23	3302	3090	7.76	1662	129		23978	631
	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2510, Harris County, Texas	Harris	142350	2.7	661		5.61	517	29		6827	378
	West Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2511, Harris County, Texas	Harris	81477	2.37	1285	1116	5.71	700	40		6372	265
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 2511, Harris County, Texas	Harris	111172	2.48	2118		4.44		39		7033	376
	West Fork	Block Group 3, Census Tract 6922, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	59222	3.1	5957	4487	5.81	1962	114		26069	2872
	West Fork	Block Group 5, Census Tract 2511, Harris County, Texas	Harris	57014	2.9	1766		11.6	1250	145	156503430	31842	651
	West Fork	Block Group 4, Census Tract 2513, Harris County, Texas	Harris	93008	2.65	1912	1687	4.28		31		7220	150
	West Fork	Block Group 5, Census Tract 2513, Harris County, Texas	Harris	57891	2.13	1190		0	289	0	43128795	0	66
	Nest Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 6907, Montgomery County, Texas	Montgomery	77625	2.02	6214		2.63	3196	84		17479	1370
	Nest Fork	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2509, Harris County, Texas	Harris	81964	2.12	3238 568	3243 458	7.11 13.98	1632 279	116	265809252	23058 6403	407
	Nest Fork Nest Fork	Block Group 4, Census Tract 2511, Harris County, Texas Block Group 6, Census Tract 2515.02, Harris County, Texas	Harris Harris	86528 126458	2.49	1570		13.98	559	39 31		5633	109 36
0.0555 U	ake Houston		Harris	86066	2.59	2179	2253	2.49	1045	26		5610	343
0.1521 L	ake Houston	Block Group 3, Census Tract 2519.01, Harris County, Texas Block Group 2, Census Tract 2519.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	102969	2.95	589	784	2.49	384	20	80727696	2010	119
	ake Houston	Block Group 4, Census Tract 2519.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	44087	2.93	2281	2452	0	908	0	108101324	0	911
	ake Houston	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2517, Harris County, Texas	Harris	56754	2.73	3528	2497	1.47	1160	17		3671	928
0.1123 L	ake Houston	Block Group 3, Census Tract 2504.02, Harris County, Texas	Harris	66944	2.58	5165	5100	0.87	2188	19	341414400	4437	573
	ake Houston	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2519.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	88906	2.98	3923		6.44	1739	112	302636024	21922	518
0.2133 L	ake Houston	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2520, Harris County, Texas	Harris	127921	3.16	13818	19799	4.41	10952	483	2532707879	87314	4223
0.1521 L	ake Houston	Block Group 4, Census Tract 2519.01, Harris County, Texas	Harris	60215	2.77	3105	3818	9.98	1883	188	229900870	38104	581
0.0772 L	ake Houston	Block Group 2, Census Tract 2508, Harris County, Texas	Harris	81813	2.54	2583	2417	2.61	1035	27	197742021	6308	187
0.1123 L	ake Houston	Block Group 1, Census Tract 2504.02, Harris County, Texas	Harris	123659	3.24	10305	15970	3.15	8393	264	1974834230	50306	1793
0.1254 L	ake Houston	Block Group 4, Census Tract 2509, Harris County, Texas	Harris	221042	3.66	4331	4225	0	1553	0	933902450	0	530
	Population Totals: 157,957 185,450					Tota	2018 Population (A) = I 2018 Population (B) = Average AMHI (A/B) =	18,890,595,965 185,450 \$ 101,863.55					
										al Unemployment x 201		731,382.59	
											L8 Population (D) =	185,450	
	Total Weighted Average Unem								3.94				
										-		18 Population (E) =	38,538.81
											Total 20	18 Population (F) =	185,450
											Total Weighted	Average SVI (E/F) =	0.2078

Attachment C:

Grant Percentage Calculator Spreadsheet

CATEGORY 1 - San Jacinto River Sand Trap Development Preliminary Design

AMHI Grant % =	50%	
Project/State > 125% =	50% Grant	√
Project/State > 75% and ≤ 125% =	75% Grant	
Project/State ≤ 75% =	90% Grant	
Project/State ≤ 50% and Fed. Disaster Declaration Last 5 Years =	100% Grant	
Project/State =	171%	
State AMHI =	\$ 59,570.00	
Project AMHI =	\$ 101,863.55	

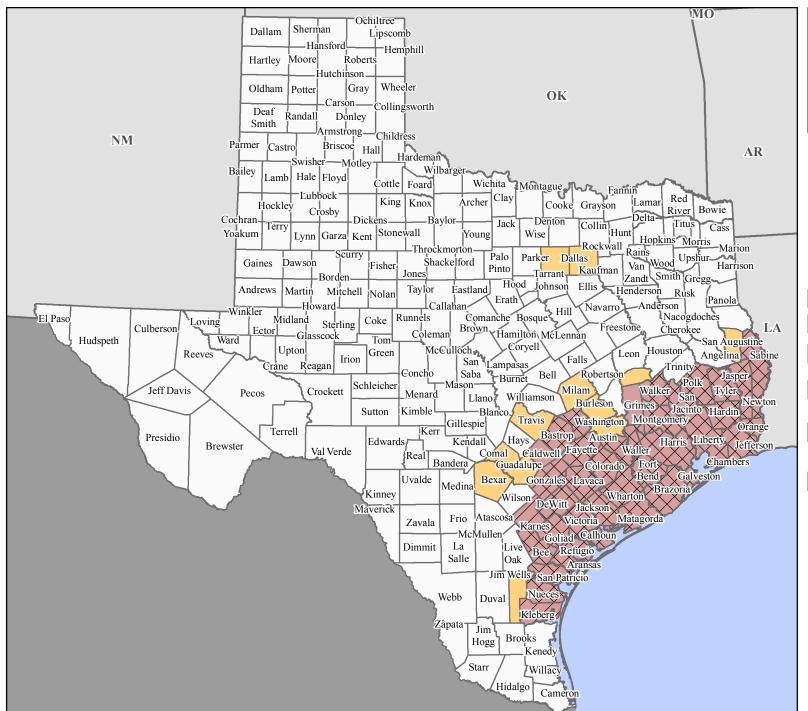
TOTAL GRANT % =	50%

Notes:

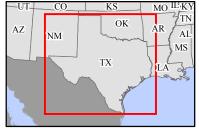
Attachment D:

Disaster Declarations for Hurricane Harvey and Tropical Storm Imelda

FEMA-4332-DR, Texas Disaster Declaration as of 10/11/2017







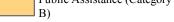
Data Layer/Map Description:

The types of assistance that have been designated for selected areas in the State of Texas.

All designated areas in the State of Texas are eligible to apply for assistance under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.

Designated Counties





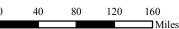


Individual Assistance and Public Assistance (Categories A and B)



Individual Assistance and Public Assistance (Categories A - G)





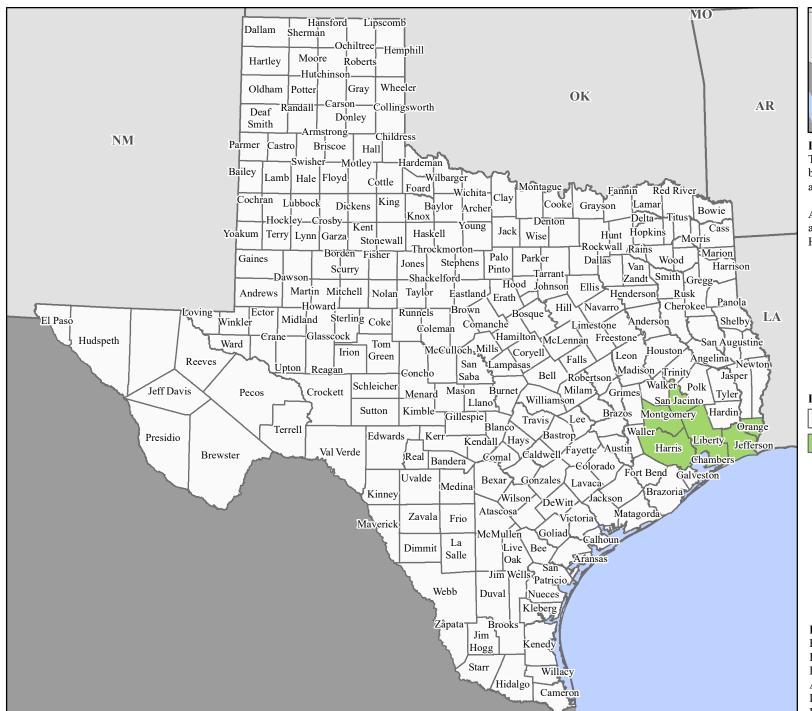
Data Sources:

FEMA. ESRI:

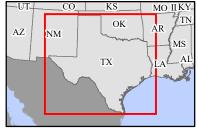
Initial Declaration: 08/25/2017 Disaster Federal Registry Notice: Amendment #10 - 10/11/2017 Datum: North American 1983 Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic

MapID ead96c4eeef1011171451hgprod

FEMA-4466-DR, Texas Disaster Declaration as of 10/24/2019







Data Layer/Map Description:

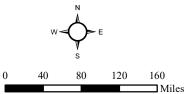
The types of assistance that have been designated for selected areas in the State of Texas.

All areas within the State of Texas are eligible for assistance under the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program.

Designated Counties

No Designation

Individual Assistance



Data Sources:

FEMA, ESRI;

Initial Declaration: 10/04/2019
Disaster Federal Registry Notice:
Amendment #1: 10/24/2019
Datum: North American 1983
Projection: Lambert Conformal Conic

Attachment E:

NFIP Certifications

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	I, DRVID Douglas (Name), serving as Float Flair Mgr. (Title)
Exception: The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. If this is the situation, check here:	hereby certify that whereby County (Appropriate entity for area to be served by the project) is currently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards, but it may exceed the NFIP minimum standard. **November 19

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	I, David Brandon serving as Floodplain Administrator	(Name), (Title)
Exception: The only exception is an	hereby certify that San Jacinto County	(Appropriate entity for area to
entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. If this is the situation, check here:	be served by the project) is currently enforcing floodplain management of National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standard.	
	'Signature /	Date

enforcing floodplain l,serving	onathan Steiber (Name), as Harris County Floodplain Administrator (Title)
The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements Nation	certify that Jacinto River Authority Harris County (Appropriate entity for area to red by the project) ently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to all Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards, but it may exceed IP minimum standard. 4-29-2020 Date

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	ı, <u>Jay Muschenheim</u> (Name) serving as <u>Flood Plain Administrator</u> (Title	• •
Exception: The only exception is an entity that is requesting	hereby certify that unincorporated Montgomery Co., TX(Appropriate entity for area to be served by the project)	to
FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance	is currently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards, but it may exceed the NFIP minimum standard.	d
Program. If this is the situation, check here: □	Signature — April 29, 2020 Date	

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	ı, Choyce Morrow serving as Flood Administrator	(Name), (Title)
Exception: The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. If this is the situation, check here:	hereby certify that City of Houston be served by the project) is currently enforcing floodplain management st National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minim the NFIP minimum standard. Choyce Morrow Signature	

Certification on enforcing floodplain management standards	, Ann Colina (Name), serving as Flood plain Administrator (Title)
Exception: The only exception is an entity that is requesting FIF funding to fulfill additional requirements for participation in the National Flood Insurance Program. If this is the situation, check here:	hereby certify that the City of Corroe (Appropriate entity for area to be served by the project) is currently enforcing floodplain management standards at least equivalent to National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) minimum standards, but it may exceed the NFIP minimum standard. Signature 5-15-20 Date

Attachment F:

San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan Project Fact Sheet

SAN JACINTO REGIONAL WATERSHED MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN FACT SHEET









The San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan is a comprehensive regional study led by local partners including the Harris County Flood Control District, the San Jacinto River Authority, Montgomery County, and the City of Houston.

This integrated effort, kick started in April 2019, will identify future flood mitigation projects that can be implemented in the near- and long-term to reduce flood risks to people and property throughout the San Jacinto River regional **watershed**.

The goals of the San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan are to:

- Identify the region's vulnerabilities to flood hazards using Atlas 14 rainfall
- Develop approaches to enhance public information and flood level assessment capabilities during a flood disaster event
- Evaluate flood mitigation strategies to improve community resilience
- Provide a comprehensive Flood Mitigation Plan that supports the needs and objectives of each regional partner

The goals of the project will be achieved by developing a set of hydrologic and hydraulic models for the major tributaries of the Upper San Jacinto River regional watershed (from the **headwaters** in Walker County to the Interstate 10 crossing at the San Jacinto River in Harris County). The models will use consistent, cohesive methodology and rainfall rates, regardless of the county in which those channels are located.

Information to be developed includes non-regulatory **inundation maps** (not intended to replace current effective maps) for the studied streams that show the extent and depth of **riverine flooding** of the larger rivers within the watershed for an array of simulated storm events. Additionally, information will be gathered about the number of structures, acres of land, properties, and miles of roadway that are located within the modeled floodplains. Study results will be used to inform and update **Hazard Mitigation Plans** for each of the participating partners and to provide guidance on regulations for future growth within the study area.

The project area covers nearly 3,000 square miles. The expected completion time frame is Fall 2020. The project is budgeted at \$2.7 million.

Contact Us

The participating project partners are interested in hearing from you. Please contact your local representative with comments and questions:

- Harris County Flood Control District Jing Chen, jing.chen@hcfcd.hctx.net
- San Jacinto River Authority Matt Barrett; mbarrett@sjra.net
- Montgomery County Darren Hess, darren.hess@mctx.org
- City of Houston Adam Eaton, adam.eaton@houstontx.gov

GLOSSARY

Watershed: A geographical region of land or "drainage area" that drains to a common channel or outlet, mostly creeks and bayous. Drainage of the land can occur directly into a bayou or creek, or through a series of systems that may include storm sewers, roadside ditches, and/or tributary channels.

Headwaters: Headwaters are simply the initial source of the water in a river.

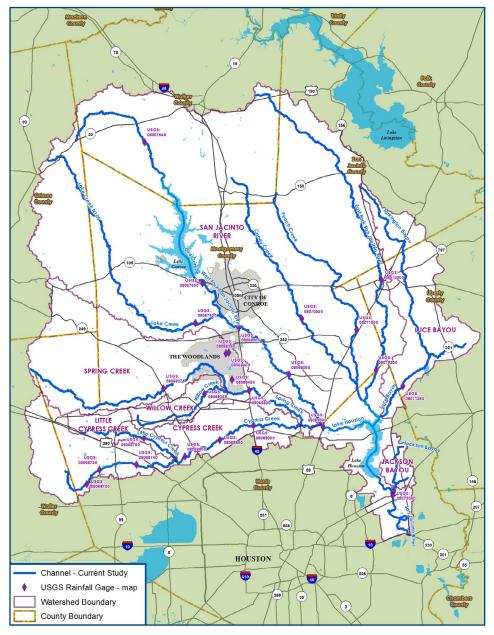
Inundation maps: Maps that show where flooding may occur over a range of water levels in a community's local stream or river.

Riverine flooding: Flooding that is the result of creeks and bayous leaving their banks due to heavy rainfall.

Hazard Mitigation Plans:

Hazard mitigation is the effort to reduce loss of life and property by lessening the impact of disasters, such as flooding. Governmental organizations engage in hazard mitigation planning to identify risks and vulnerabilities associated with natural disasters, and develop long-term strategies for protecting people and property. Mitigation plans are key to breaking the cycle of disaster damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage.

SAN JACINTO REGIONAL WATERSHED MASTER DRAINAGE PLAN STUDY AREA





3,000 SQUARE MILES OF STUDY AREA

The watershed for the streams to be studied covers an expanse of nearly 3,000 square miles, located in seven different counties:

- Grimes County
- Harris County
- Liberty County
- Montgomery County
- San Jacinto County
- Walker County
- Waller County

The study includes approximately 535 miles of stream, including West Fork San Jacinto River, East Fork San Jacinto River, San Jacinto River, Lake Creek, Cypress Creek, Little Cypress Creek, Spring Creek, Willow Creek, Caney Creek, Peach Creek, Luce Bayou, Tarkington Bayou, and Jackson Bayou.

Stream Name	Stream Length (Miles)
West Fork San Jacinto River	61.4
East Fork San Jacinto River	73.2
San Jacinto River	16.3
Lake Creek	58.9
Cypress Creek	60.5
Little Cypress Creek	20.8
Spring Creek	69.6
Willow Creek	19.8
Caney Creek	49.3
Peach Creek	53.5
Luce Bayou	10.8
Tarkington Bayou	36.9
Jackson Bayou	4.6
Total	535.6

Attachment G:

Conceptual Design Scope

This Work Order is issued subject to, is governed by and incorporates by reference that certain Professional Services Agreement, Contract No. 20-0024, between the SJRA and CONSULTANT effective March 26, 2020.

Work Order Date: March 26, 2020

CONSULTANT: Freese and Nichols, Inc.

Type of Compensation: Tasks 1101-1102 and 1104-1107 = Cost Plus Multiplier with Not-to-Exceed, Task

1103 = Lump Sum

Compensation: Tasks 1101-1102 and 1104-1107 (Cost Plus Multiplier with Not-to-Exceed) = \$185,179.52,

Task 1103 (Lump Sum) = \$72,460.78, Total = \$257,640.30

Location of Services: San Jacinto River Basin (Montgomery, Harris, and potentially surrounding counties)

Description of Services: Provide professional engineering services for conceptual design of sediment

trapping facilities along the West and East Forks of the San Jacinto River.

Deliverables: See Attached.

Schedule Requirements:

Commence Services: April 7, 2020

Completion of Services: September 21, 2020

Submittal Dates for Each Deliverable: See Attached.

Agreed to by:

SJRA

1/1/1

Title: General Manager

and

Freese and Nichols, Inc

Name: Michael V. Reedy, P.E.

Title: Vice President

San Jacinto River Authority Flood Management Division March 2020 Attachment B - Page 1 of 11 Contract No. 20-0024-1

SCOPE OF WORK

General

Sedimentation in the San Jacinto watershed's rivers and streams has been well documented over the last several decades. This effort will focus on sediment trapping facilities located in the West Fork San Jacinto mainstem and the East Fork San Jacinto mainstem to reduce sediment loads from flowing into Lake Houston. It will begin with an assessment of potential trapping facilities sites and then rank these sites using implementation strategies and efficacy.

This effort will conclude with three conceptual solutions for capturing sediment either on the West Fork and East Fork or exclusively on the West Fork. Freese and Nichols Inc.'s (FNI or Consultant) "Sedimentation Strategy for West Fork San Jacinto River and Spring Creek" report, developed as part of the San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan project (Draft pending as of January 2020), will be leveraged in locating these sediment trapping facilities.

Location preference for these facilities will be in regions where sediment deposits naturally to take advantage of favorable hydraulic conditions for sediment trapping. Additional preferences will be: proximity to public roads, proximity to existing Aggregate Production Operation (APO) facilities and areas where environmental impacts will be minimal.

Each facility will be evaluated to understand its efficacy at trapping sediments and what are the anticipated benefits in reducing sediment accumulation in river channels downstream.

The Consultant shall provide:

TASK 1101 - Project Management FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30020

1101.1 Project Management

1. Project Management: Provide for the management of the resources of the Consultant to meet the technical, financial, and schedule requirements of SJRA. This shall include the overall management of the project and the various specialized discipline teams responsible for the development of the project. Schedule and participate in meetings (in person or by phone, as appropriate) with SJRA, Consultant's sub-consultants, SJRA's third party consultants, and stakeholders (as appropriate). Harris County Flood Control District (HCFCD) will be invited to all project meetings, and project deliverables will be provided to HCFCD for the opportunity to review.

1101.2 Project Kickoff Meeting

- 1. A project kickoff meeting between the Consultant and SJRA personnel will be held at the beginning of the project to accomplish the following:
 - a. Review the Consultant's scope of work and discuss project expectations and goals.
 - b. Review the Consultant's proposed schedule and critical milestones.
- 2. This meeting is to be held at SJRA's Woodlands office, or other location as directed by SJRA, and is anticipated to last up to two (2) hours.

1101.3 Project Update Meetings

- Project Update Meetings: Consultant shall participate in up to four (4) one-hour conference
 call meetings, in addition to other meetings described in this scope of work, with SJRA to
 present detailed status updates of the project's progress and budget and discuss any major issues
 identified.
- 2. Consultant understands that all physical (in person) meetings shall occur at SJRA's Woodlands Division office or as directed by SJRA. All meeting agendas, workshop planning information and handouts, meeting notes, and other applicable information pertaining to each specific meeting or workshop shall be developed and distributed by the Consultant.

1101.4 Quality Assurance and Quality Control

1. Consultant shall disseminate pertinent project information internally and externally, implement Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Control (QC) measures, and submit deliverables as required per agreed-upon project schedule.

1101.5 Project Status Reports and Invoice

- 1. Project Schedule Development and Updates: Develop, manage, monitor, update, and coordinate (in coordination with SJRA staff) project schedule throughout the life of the project based on changes or necessary updates.
- 2. Project Status Reports: Provide written project status reports to SJRA once per month throughout the duration of the project. Project status reports shall include, at a minimum, a summary description of activities completed, description of activities planned for the next 30 days, financial status of the project, status of schedule for the project, and identification of any technical or other issues which may have an impact on the overall project budget and/or schedule. Project status reports shall be provided to SJRA with each invoice.
- 3. Invoicing: Consultant shall submit invoices monthly by the 10th day of the month following the month being invoiced for. Invoices shall include a record of Consultant's activities and deliverables completed within the month, and note activities planned for the next month. Invoices shall be submitted to ap@sjra.net. Coordinate with SJRA Project Manager to determine appropriate format and content for invoice submittals.
- 4. Consultant shall notify assigned SJRA Project Manager in writing that Consultant has expended eighty percent (80%) of the currently approved SJRA Professional Services Agreement and/or Work Order amount within seven (7) calendar days of Consultant reaching this expenditure milestone (80% expenditure milestone). Written notification shall be provided regardless of compensation type (i.e., lump sum, cost-plus multiplier, time-and-materials, etc.). Written notification shall include a statement by Consultant indicating whether remaining amount is adequate to complete current SJRA approved Professional Services Agreement and/or Work Order Scope of Work.

1101.6 Document Control

1. Document Control: SJRA shall utilize a SharePoint site to transmit data for this project. Consultant shall utilize this system as a management tool and repository of all data, reports,

photographs, letters, memoranda, design documents, models, and other information as directed by SJRA.

2. If requested by SJRA, Consultant shall participate in a QA Audit to be performed by SJRA at Consultant's office. Consultant shall cooperate with Auditor by providing access to project related electronic and hard copy files, and shall correct deficiencies noted in audit report provided by Auditor.

Deliverables:

Monthly Status Reports

Monthly Status Reports shall be submitted electronically (.pdf) to SJRA via email to ap@sjra.net, with invoices, no later than the 10th day of every month to coincide with SJRA invoicing requirements throughout the duration of the Work Order.

Meeting Agendas, Handouts, and Minutes

Proposed agendas: Submit one (1) electronic copy (editable version) at least three (3) calendar days prior to meeting. Consultant will provide necessary number of hard copies at in-person meetings.

Meeting minutes: Submit draft meeting minutes (electronic editable version) within three (3) calendar days of meeting. Receive SJRA comments. Submit one electronic version (.pdf) via SharePoint of final meeting minutes within three (3) calendar days of receipt of comments on the draft meeting minutes.

Task 1102 - Map Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30041

1102.1 West Fork

- 1. Obtain raster files used to map areas of aggradation and degradation from the "Sedimentation Strategy for West Fork San Jacinto River and Spring Creek" report, referred to as the 2020 Report. Raster files were created by subtracting older LiDAR data from more recent LiDAR data. In locations where the more recent LiDAR data is higher than the older LiDAR data, this is a location where sediment may have deposited. At locations where the more recent LiDAR is equal to or greater than two feet higher than the older LiDAR, confirm sediment deposition has occurred using aerial photos and calculate volume of sediment deposition. Rank aggradation sites by volume and locate whether the site was in either the sediment transitional region or the sediment deposition region (as mapped in the Sedimentation Strategy for West Fork San Jacinto River and Spring Creek report Report).
- 2. Obtain river centerline profiles from preliminary RAS models and effective RAS models from the San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan project. Note the regions where

river centerline profiles have flattened. Locate the regions using GIS and create a shapefile for each.

- 3. Obtain the digital elevation map from the 2020 Report and map locations where there is natural constriction in valley width. Note if this restriction is due to human activity (road crossings, etc.) or natural.
- 4. Cross reference valley wall restrictions with largest aggradation sites and areas where river centerline profile has flattened. Create shapefile of these locations. Each location is referred to as preliminary sediment trap location. Add all aggregate production operation (APO) sites to preliminary sediment trap location shapefile.

1102.2 East Fork (Note, Tasks 1102.2 (1) through (3) have been completed for the West Fork as part of the Sedimentation Strategy for West Fork San Jacinto River and Spring Creek report)

- 1. Define the stream network within the East Fork using ArcGIS's watershed analysis extension for both the 2018 LiDAR and the historic LiDAR. Historic LiDAR refers to LiDAR data measured in either 2008 or 2001. LiDAR measured in 2001 collected topographic data in Harris County, LiDAR measured in 2008 collected topographic data in Montgomery County.
- 2. Measure stream deflection between the 2018 LiDAR and historic LiDAR. Create maps depicting stream deviation.
- 3. Subtract historic LiDAR from the 2018 LiDAR. Map locations where 2018 LiDAR is higher which represents regions where sediment deposited, for example in sand bars. Map locations where the 2018 LiDAR is lower, for example at eroding stream banks. Calculate volumes for each condition where there is a 2 foot or greater difference between the LiDAR data sets.
- 4. Replicate tasks 1102.1 (1) through (4) using results from 1102.2 (1) through (3).

1102.3 Preliminary Site Characterizations

Note: Work Proposed For this Task and All Remaining Tasks are For Both the East Fork and West Fork

- 1. From the findings of 1102.1 and 1102.2, identify the ten areas with the largest volumes of sediment deposition, including at a minimum, the two largest volume areas on the East Fork and the two largest volumes at an APO or as directed by SJRA.
- 2. At each of the ten areas, measure the surface area at multiple vertical foot increments (2 feet, 4 feet, 8 feet, 12 feet). Measure surface areas of APO pits proximal to riverbanks.
- 3. Using readily available GIS data from the following sources, note pertinent environmental or jurisdictional considerations which are proximal to preliminary trapping facility locations.
 - FEMA Floodplain
 - National Wetland Inventory
 - Texas Historical Commission
 - Texas Parks and Wildlife

- US Fish and Wildlife Service
- 4. For each preliminary facility location, map whether the proposed facility is on public property, private property or both. Note the number of landowners. Measure distance from nearest public road.
- 5. Consult with appropriate stakeholders to understand existing recreational uses of the West Fork and East Fork. Map and measure distance to notable recreational facilities (parks, canoe/boat ramps, popular swimming locations, etc.). FNI anticipates to collaborate with SJRA on stakeholder group members. FNI assumes the stakeholder group to potentially include: Montgomery County Parks, Montgomery County Engineering, Harris County Engineering, Harris County Parks.
- 6. Rank preliminary facilities using the following: sediment deposition volume, potential sediment storage volume, proximity to existing roads, proximity to existing APO facilities.
- 7. Summarize findings and submit narrative with a list of preliminary sediment trapping facility rankings to SJRA. The narrative and rankings list will become part of the "Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations" memo as described in task 1102.6. Obtain feedback on ranking of sites, and adjust ranking as needed.

1102.4 Preliminary Sediment Trapping Facility Ranking and Efficacy

- 1. Following SJRA's guidance, select four preliminary sediment trapping facilities from the ranked list as described in 1102.3 (7).
- 2. For each facility, select two tributaries with the largest drainage area between the facility and the upstream extent of the study area. Upstream extents of the East Fork and West Fork will match the upstream end of each Fork's respective upstream boundary from the San Jacinto Regional Watershed Master Drainage Plan project.
- 3. Repeat tasks 1102.2 (1) through (4) between the tributary's confluence with the mainstem and three miles upstream on the tributary.
- 4. Summarize the volume of sediment entrained (as calculated in 1102.2 (3)) for the West Fork mainstem, East Fork mainstem and the tributaries selected in 1102.4 (2). Determine the number of years between when the 2018 LiDAR was collected and when the historic LiDAR was collected and divide this number into the summarized volume of sediment entrained upstream of each preliminary trapping facility,. The quotient is an approximation of the annual sediment load to each preliminary sediment trapping facility.
- 5. Calculate the number of years before each preliminary sediment trapping facility would be filled with sediments.
- 6. Map surficial geology, location of Deweyville terraces and highly erodible soils upstream of each site. Measure the length each mainstem and each tributary runs through these features and apply to appropriate facility locations.
- 7. FNI will submit the four selected sites and the narrative from task 1102.3(7) to the US Army Corps of Engineers to solicit if any additional information about the sites can be obtained, and

to obtain preliminary information on permitting requirements if provided within the scheduled time frame. FNI will respond to technical questions.

1102.5 Windshield Survey

- 1. SJRA will coordinate with private landowners (if necessary) to gain access to the land where the four selected preliminary sediment trapping facilities are located, and to obtain preliminary information on willingness of landowner to consider providing land for sediment trapping facility. If land access cannot be obtained, or if a landowner expresses no willingness to provide land for future facility, for one of the four selected preliminary facilities, SJRA will select another preliminary sediment trapping facility site.
- 2. Complete a windshield survey of the four selected preliminary sediment trapping facilities access has been obtained for. Document construction opportunities and constraints (including potential environmental issues) and complete a sketch map of each site and note potential sediment trapping locations and methods. Describe expected level of difficulty of implementing a sediment trap at each location. If a facility is located at or near an APO, note opportunities and constraints to capture sediment in an existing pit or other location. Note water depth in pits proximal to river.

1102.6 Draft Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations Memo

- 1. Submit a draft Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations memo to SJRA summarizing the findings from tasks 1102.1 through 1102.5. This includes the narrative and preliminary ranking list from 1102.3. Use ranking criteria from 1102.3, maintenance frequency, flood water surface elevation impacts and expected level of difficulty implementing sediment trap, as well as information from the windshield survey results (1102.5), to rank the four sites.
- 2. Utilize a project update meeting to select three sites from the four sites identified in the Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations memo.

1102.7 Final Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations Memo

1. Organize comments received from SJRA and HCFCD on draft memo (1102.6). Incorporate comments and submit final version.

Deliverables:

<u>Draft Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations Memo</u>

Submit draft memo to SJRA via SharePoint (editable version) within 58 calendar days of NTP.

Final Preliminary Sediment Trapping Locations Memo

Submit final memo to SJRA via SharePoint (PDF) within 72 calendar days of NTP.

Task 1103 – Characterize Sediment Trapping Efficacy FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30041

1103.1 Geotechnical Cores and Pebble Counts

- 1. Obtain geotechnical cores of deposited sediments (in sand bars, or gravel bars) upstream of each site. Obtain one core for each site (three cores total). Complete sediment fingerprinting by measuring levels of 210Pb, 137Cs or an equivalent radioactive isotope commonly found in atmospheric deposition in the watershed. These radioactive isotopes have an affinity in bonding with silt on top of the landscape.
- 2. Determine the percentage of sediment in the cores that is bound to this isotope. A high percentage of sediment with this isotope would suggest a high percentage of the sediment load occurs from the landscape (resulting from land use practices) and not alluvial erosion. This understanding will influence recommended sediment mitigation practices.
- Complete particle size distribution of core samples using laser diffraction or sieve analysis for surface armor layer and subsurface layer. Determine fraction of sediments that are bedload, suspended load and wash load.
- Complete a modified Wolman's pebble count of the surface armor layer at each sand bar or gravel bar a core is obtained from and a one pebble count of subsurface layer at each sand bar/gravel bar.

1103.2 Duplicate HEC-RAS Model

 Obtain most up to date San Jacinto Regional WMDP preliminary RAS modeling results and replicate modeling results. Note locations where the three selected preliminary sediment trapping facilities are located. Determine if additional cross sections are needed in the region where preliminary sediment trapping facilities are located.

1103.3 Bankfull Hydrology

- Locate the most proximal stream gage to each of the three sites. Extract average daily discharge
 gage data for the last several water years. A water year begins on October 1st and runs through
 September 30th. Calculate a partial duration curve and select the bankfull (channel forming)
 flow for each stream gage. Correct discharges using drainage area correction method.
 Compare results to regional regression curves that were developed by Harris County Flood
 Control District.
- 2. Extract the hydrograph of the smallest studied discharge from the preliminary model. A hydrograph representative of the hydrology upstream of each preliminary sediment trapping facility will be created. Truncate the preliminary model as needed to include the facility and the region proximally upstream and downstream. Use normal depth for downstream boundary conditions. Correct the hydrograph to fit the bankfull discharge for each site.

1103.4 Existing Condition HEC-RAS Model Runs

1. Amend the San Jacinto Regional WMDP preliminary model with the cross sections from 1103.2 as needed. Run the San Jacinto Regional WMDP preliminary model under existing

conditions at the 100-year flood event, extract water surface profile and compare results to San Jacinto Regional WMDP preliminary findings.

2. Run the HEC-RAS model under existing conditions for each trapping site (three) and determine which particle size fraction will deposit using incipient motion calculations. Utilize particle size distribution measured in 1103.1.

1103.5 Proposed Condition HEC-RAS Model Runs

- 1. Amend the HEC-RAS geometry to include the proposed trapping facility (as described in task 1104.3) for each site. Run the model, one run for each site, under proposed conditions and compare sediment deposit results.
- 2. Compare proposed conditions model's water surface profile to corrected preliminary model's water surface elevation. Complete for the three sites.

1103.6 Draft Sediment Trapping Efficacy Memo

1. Submit Sediment Trapping Efficacy Memo to SJRA summarizing the findings from tasks 1103.1 through 1103.4. Rank the three sites. Use maintenance frequency, flood water surface elevation impacts, removal rate and expected level of difficulty implementing sediment trap, as well as any other applicable/appropriate criteria from previous tasks, in ranking. Evaluate each site individually and in aggregate.

1103.7 Meeting with SJRA and HCFCD

1. Meet with SJRA and HCFCD at the SJRA office to review memo and organize comments.

1103.8 Final Sediment Trapping Efficacy Memo

1. Incorporate comments and submit final version.

<u>Deliverables:</u> <u>Draft Sediment Trapping Efficacy Memo</u>

Submit draft memo to SJRA via SharePoint (editable version) within 87 calendar days of NTP.

Final Sediment Trapping Efficacy Memo

Submit final memo to SJRA via SharePoint (PDF) within 104 calendar days of NTP.

Task 1104 – Develop Conceptual Solutions FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30041

1104.1 Typical Sediment Trapping Conceptual Solutions

1. Develop narrative and images of multiple typical sediment trap concepts. The narrative will include the materials used in each typical sediment trap concept, typical site description

(topographic, hydraulic, proximity to infrastructure) and expected maintenance. Typical sediment trap concepts will be organized into two categories, "in-line traps" and "lateral traps".

1104.2 Create Basemaps

- 1. For the three selected sites, apply one of the typical sediment trap concepts and develop a site-specific sediment trap.
- 2. Develop a baseline map for each site. Each baseline map will contain the following: 1' contours (from 2018 LiDAR), edge of water (from aerial photos), edge of vegetation, proximal roads and observable infrastructure and approximate tops and toes of stream banks. The baseline map will extend to the most proximal potential construction access road and maintenance access road.

1104.3 Develop Site Specific Trapping Facility Concepts

- 1. Create a conceptual solution for the three selected sites. Create exhibits for each site containing three sheets each: a plan view of the proposed construction access, a plan view of the proposed conceptual solution and an exhibit of the typical details.
- Develop narrative and a table summarizing the proposed construction activities, expected
 maintenance frequency (using proposed conditions hydraulic modeling results from Task
 1103.5) and activities, estimated quantities of work and an opinion of probable construction
 cost for each site.

Task 1105 – Downstream Sediment Reduction Benefits FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30041

1105.1 Identify Sediment Prone Areas

Identify regions downstream of each preliminary sediment trapping facility where sediment
deposition was mapped in the East Fork mainstem and West Fork mainstem. Cut three cross
sections through a region downstream of each facility using the results from 1102.1 and 1102.2.
Compare river conveyance area measured by the 2018 LiDAR to the river conveyance area
measured by the historic LiDAR.

1105.2 Estimate Reduction of Sediment Accumulation in Each Cross Section

1. Determine the annual rate of sediment accumulation in each cross section. Estimate the reduction of sediment accumulation in each cross section using the anticipated annual storage volume to be achieved at each preliminary sediment trapping facility.

Task 1106 – Agency Coordination FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30041

1106.1 - Sediment Facility Fact Sheet and Agency Coordination

Organize the feedback from the USACE from coordination effort described in 1102.4(7) and
develop a fact sheet for each of the proposed sediment trapping facilities to present the goal
and function of the proposed sediment trapping facility to accompany each conceptual solution.
If USACE feedback is not received in time for incorporation in this task, and if directed by
SJRA, develop fact sheet excluding USACE feedback. The target audiences for the fact sheets
are private entities, stakeholders and landowners.

Task 1107 – Conceptual Design Report FMPR0004.1001.2C001.30050

1107.1 Draft Conceptual Design Report

- 1. Submit draft report to SJRA summarizing and compiling the findings and data from tasks 1104 through 1106, as well as 1103.5. Rank the three selected sites, including recommendation for sites to continue forward with into PER. Use updated maintenance frequency from hydraulic modeling results (1103.4 and 1103.5), updated flood water surface elevation impacts from hydraulic modeling results (1103.4 and 1103.5) and expected level of difficulty implementing sediment trap, as well as any other applicable/appropriate criteria from previous tasks, in ranking.
- 2. The report will summarize the anticipated environmental and jurisdictional permitting requirements.
- 3. Anticipated benefits in reductions of sediment accumulation in downstream areas will be presented.

1107.2 Meeting With SJRA and HCFCD

1. Meet with SJRA and HCFCD at the SJRA office to review memo, organize comments, and discuss recommendations for the Preliminary Engineering Report (Phase II).

1107.3 Final Conceptual Design Report

1. Incorporate comments and submit final version.

Deliverables: Draft Conceptual Design Report

Submit draft report to SJRA via SharePoint (editable version) within 146 calendar days of NTP.

Final Conceptual Design Report

Submit final report to SJRA via SharePoint (PDF) within 161 calendar days of NTP.